

计算  
小超市



计算能力是数学的一项基本能力，是学好数学和其他学科的重要基础。在各种数学考试中，计算所占的比重很大，很多问题的解题思路、步骤、结果都需要通过计算来落实，可以说计算能力直接影响学生的成绩，计算的速度与准确率决定了成绩的高低与稳定性。

“天下武功，唯快不破！”计算同样追求一个“快”字！计算速度的提升，能大大缩短解题时间，考试时分秒必争，多一点时间就比别人多一分优势，就有机会取得更好的成绩！

当然，只求“快”是万万不够的，我们的终极目标当然是“准”！算得飞快却算错了，结果也是零！唯有又快又准，才能问鼎计算的高峰！

回想这些年你做错过的计算题，为什么错呢？大量的回答可以归结为两点：

## 1. 粗心！粗心！太粗心了！

抄错数、看串行、忘了进退位、点错了小数点……明明会算的偏偏算错，根本原因在于——注意力不集中！关于专注力的训练网上有很多经验贴，这里推荐“舒尔特表”，“舒尔特表”可以通过动态的练习锻炼视神经末梢，培养注意力的集中、分配、控制能力。

## 2. 基本功不扎实呢！

说白了，就是没能很好的掌握计算方法和技巧！乘除法竖式怎么列？积与商怎么对位？四则混合运算先算什么后算什么？方程到底怎么解？特别是学习了分数计算，需要学会的方法和技巧就更多了！

计算方法，也是计算的基本功。除了在学习之初就要理解透彻之外，还要坚持不断的练习与巩固，一是避免遗忘，二是增加熟练度，俗话说“熟能生巧”，练得多了，方法自然就领悟了。

计算技巧，指的就是我们在课堂上学习过的各种巧算技巧。复杂的计算题，通过巧算可以变得无比简单，不仅降低了计算量，提高了准确率，还能提高计算速度，可谓一举多得！

计算能力的提高没有捷径，只有不断的练习和积累，那么去哪儿练呢？让我们一起翻开这本资料，在《计算小超市》中开始我们的计算之旅吧！

## 1 分数基础

$$\frac{4}{124} = \frac{1}{(\quad)}$$

$$\frac{28}{42} = \frac{(\quad)}{6}$$

$$\frac{29}{23} = \frac{(\quad)}{69}$$

$$\frac{3}{25} = \frac{(\quad)}{125}$$

$$\frac{4}{5} = \frac{44}{(\quad)}$$

$$\frac{(\quad)}{9} = \frac{90}{81}$$

## 2 分数加减

$$\frac{8}{19} - \frac{5}{38} =$$

$$\frac{2}{35} + \frac{1}{7} =$$

$$\frac{2}{11} - \frac{2}{11} =$$

$$\frac{2}{27} + \frac{4}{9} =$$

$$\frac{9}{17} - \frac{5}{34} =$$

$$\frac{6}{13} + \frac{3}{26} =$$

$$\frac{32}{13} - \frac{3}{52} =$$

$$\frac{6}{13} + \frac{11}{26} =$$

$$\frac{10}{27} - \frac{1}{9} =$$

## 3 简易方程

$$25x + 7.5 = 10$$

$$18 - (5x - 0.5) = 8.5$$

# 练习 2

## 1 分数基础

$$\frac{4}{7} = \frac{12}{(\quad)}$$

$$\frac{21}{70} = \frac{(\quad)}{10}$$

$$\frac{35}{75} = \frac{(\quad)}{15}$$

$$\frac{5}{6} = \frac{(\quad)}{66}$$

$$\frac{4}{39} = \frac{8}{(\quad)}$$

$$\frac{(\quad)}{27} = \frac{69}{81}$$

## 2 分数加减

$$\frac{4}{7} + \frac{4}{3} =$$

$$\frac{7}{9} + \frac{4}{5} =$$

$$\frac{9}{7} + \frac{5}{4} =$$

$$\frac{7}{2} - \frac{2}{5} =$$

$$\frac{7}{5} - \frac{1}{2} =$$

$$\frac{1}{3} + \frac{7}{4} =$$

$$\frac{11}{7} + \frac{5}{6} =$$

$$\frac{13}{6} - \frac{2}{3} =$$

$$\frac{5}{12} + \frac{12}{7} =$$

## 3 简易方程

$$1.6x + 3.2 + 4.8 = 18$$

$$1.2 - 5x + 1.2 = 1.4$$

# 练习 3

## 1 分数基础

$$\frac{4}{24} = \frac{2}{(\quad)}$$

$$\frac{27}{42} = \frac{(\quad)}{14}$$

$$\frac{7}{12} = \frac{(\quad)}{60}$$

$$\frac{7}{9} = \frac{(\quad)}{63}$$

$$\frac{4}{5} = \frac{36}{(\quad)}$$

$$\frac{(\quad)}{9} = \frac{77}{99}$$

## 2 分数加减

$$\frac{4}{3} + \frac{32}{9} =$$

$$\frac{17}{5} - \frac{4}{5} =$$

$$\frac{8}{9} - \frac{5}{18} =$$

$$\frac{5}{13} + \frac{23}{26} =$$

$$\frac{25}{8} - \frac{23}{16} =$$

$$\frac{18}{23} + \frac{5}{23} =$$

$$\frac{13}{7} - \frac{6}{7} =$$

$$\frac{4}{15} + \frac{2}{5} =$$

$$\frac{4}{3} + \frac{9}{7} =$$

## 3 简易方程

$$4.4x - (2.5 + 1.9) = 4.4$$

$$[4.4 - (2.5 + 1.9) \times 0.5] - 0.5x = 1.2$$

# 练习 4

## 1 分数基础

$$\frac{4}{45} = \frac{8}{(\quad)}$$

$$\frac{12}{13} = \frac{(\quad)}{39}$$

$$\frac{7}{21} = \frac{(\quad)}{84}$$

$$\frac{3}{13} = \frac{(\quad)}{65}$$

$$\frac{4}{7} = \frac{36}{(\quad)}$$

$$\frac{(\quad)}{4} = \frac{77}{44}$$

## 2 分数加减

$$\frac{14}{3} - \frac{13}{5} =$$

$$\frac{3}{2} - \frac{1}{4} =$$

$$\frac{9}{2} - \frac{1}{3} =$$

$$\frac{13}{8} + \frac{5}{2} =$$

$$\frac{17}{9} - \frac{5}{9} =$$

$$\frac{24}{11} - \frac{13}{22} =$$

$$\frac{3}{14} + \frac{7}{4} =$$

$$\frac{5}{7} + \frac{2}{13} =$$

$$\frac{22}{7} - \frac{3}{2} =$$

## 3 简易方程

$$4.75 - 4 + 8x = 23 - 6.25$$

$$2.5 \div 5 + 8 \times 0.125 + 4x = 2.5$$

# 练习 5

## 1 分数基础

$$\frac{4}{64} = \frac{1}{(\quad)}$$

$$\frac{17}{5} = \frac{(\quad)}{35}$$

$$\frac{29}{44} = \frac{(\quad)}{88}$$

$$\frac{12}{25} = \frac{(\quad)}{100}$$

$$\frac{4}{5} = \frac{36}{(\quad)}$$

$$\frac{(\quad)}{8} = \frac{90}{72}$$

## 2 分数加减

$$\frac{54}{11} - \frac{3}{2} =$$

$$\frac{8}{15} + \frac{4}{5} =$$

$$\frac{5}{18} + \frac{3}{8} =$$

$$\frac{6}{7} + \frac{9}{70} =$$

$$\frac{24}{5} - \frac{12}{25} =$$

$$\frac{15}{7} - \frac{3}{4} =$$

$$\frac{25}{2} - \frac{13}{6} =$$

$$\frac{3}{5} + \frac{11}{65} =$$

$$\frac{2}{5} - \frac{1}{8} =$$

## 3 简易方程

$$2.1 + 7.5x - 3 = 30 - 0.9$$

$$2.5 \times (10 - 0.6x) - 2 = 8$$

# 练习 6

## 1 分数基础

$$\frac{6}{96} = \frac{1}{(\quad)}$$

$$\frac{21}{49} = \frac{(\quad)}{7}$$

$$\frac{19}{27} = \frac{(\quad)}{81}$$

$$\frac{5}{23} = \frac{(\quad)}{92}$$

$$\frac{57}{90} = \frac{19}{(\quad)}$$

$$\frac{(\quad)}{13} = \frac{35}{65}$$

## 2 分数加减

$$\frac{7}{12} + \frac{5}{8} =$$

$$\frac{4}{5} + \frac{3}{7} =$$

$$\frac{7}{15} - \frac{1}{3} =$$

$$\frac{9}{7} - \frac{7}{9} =$$

$$\frac{7}{22} - \frac{5}{33} =$$

$$\frac{6}{7} - \frac{5}{6} =$$

$$\frac{27}{13} - \frac{3}{4} =$$

$$\frac{5}{12} + \frac{25}{36} =$$

$$\frac{43}{19} - \frac{3}{2} =$$

## 3 简易方程

$$3x + 6 \div 0.5 = 12.6 + 2.1$$

$$(4x + 4) \div 8 \times 0.2 = 10$$



## 1 分数基础

$$\frac{4}{76} = \frac{1}{(\quad)}$$

$$\frac{35}{56} = \frac{(\quad)}{8}$$

$$\frac{15}{14} = \frac{(\quad)}{42}$$

$$\frac{5}{26} = \frac{(\quad)}{78}$$

$$\frac{4}{15} = \frac{24}{(\quad)}$$

$$\frac{(\quad)}{11} = \frac{55}{121}$$

## 2 分数加减

$$\frac{5}{9} - \frac{1}{2} =$$

$$\frac{6}{5} - \frac{8}{7} =$$

$$\frac{2}{9} + \frac{6}{5} =$$

$$\frac{1}{15} + \frac{1}{3} =$$

$$\frac{3}{4} + \frac{7}{10} =$$

$$\frac{7}{6} + \frac{7}{8} =$$

$$\frac{5}{6} - \frac{4}{9} =$$

$$\frac{3}{22} - \frac{2}{33} =$$

$$\frac{12}{7} - \frac{3}{2} =$$

## 3 简易方程

$$(3 + 0.4x \div 5) \times 5 = 19$$

$$4x + 6 \times 2 - 8 \div 2 = 16$$

# 练习 8

## 1 分数基础

$$\frac{21}{84} = \frac{1}{(\quad)}$$

$$\frac{60}{74} = \frac{(\quad)}{37}$$

$$\frac{15}{17} = \frac{(\quad)}{85}$$

$$\frac{7}{18} = \frac{(\quad)}{90}$$

$$\frac{11}{13} = \frac{121}{(\quad)}$$

$$\frac{(\quad)}{7} = \frac{80}{56}$$

## 2 分数加减

$$\frac{2}{3} + \frac{7}{9} =$$

$$\frac{6}{5} - \frac{4}{9} =$$

$$\frac{3}{10} + \frac{10}{3} =$$

$$\frac{2}{7} - \frac{1}{6} =$$

$$\frac{12}{13} + \frac{10}{11} =$$

$$\frac{14}{9} - \frac{5}{7} =$$

$$\frac{3}{7} + \frac{8}{3} =$$

$$\frac{10}{11} - \frac{7}{8} =$$

$$\frac{7}{10} + \frac{7}{6} =$$

## 3 简易方程

$$4.5x + 6 \div 4 = 10.5$$

$$(5x + 15 \div 3) \times 6 - 20 = 100$$

## 1 分数基础

$$\frac{25}{100} = \frac{1}{(\quad)}$$

$$\frac{49}{63} = \frac{(\quad)}{9}$$

$$\frac{29}{19} = \frac{(\quad)}{76}$$

$$\frac{9}{14} = \frac{(\quad)}{98}$$

$$\frac{7}{6} = \frac{84}{(\quad)}$$

$$\frac{(\quad)}{12} = \frac{102}{72}$$

## 2 分数加减

$$\frac{7}{8} - \frac{1}{6} =$$

$$\frac{4}{7} + \frac{5}{8} =$$

$$\frac{6}{7} - \frac{3}{4} =$$

$$\frac{5}{9} + \frac{7}{6} =$$

$$\frac{11}{7} - \frac{7}{11} =$$

$$\frac{9}{4} - \frac{3}{8} =$$

$$\frac{13}{10} - \frac{5}{4} =$$

$$\frac{5}{12} + \frac{9}{8} =$$

$$\frac{10}{17} - \frac{2}{7} =$$

## 3 简易方程

$$0.6 \times (5 + 4x \div 3) + 4.6 = 10$$

$$12 + 3x - 9 \times 2 \div 3 = 18$$

# 练习 10

## 1 分数基础

$$\frac{12}{60} = \frac{1}{(\quad)}$$

$$\frac{132}{144} = \frac{(\quad)}{12}$$

$$\frac{25}{24} = \frac{(\quad)}{96}$$

$$\frac{7}{15} = \frac{(\quad)}{75}$$

$$\frac{13}{16} = \frac{104}{(\quad)}$$

$$\frac{(\quad)}{9} = \frac{112}{144}$$

## 2 分数加减

$$\frac{5}{9} - \frac{5}{12} =$$

$$\frac{11}{4} - \frac{11}{5} =$$

$$\frac{10}{3} + \frac{7}{2} =$$

$$\frac{13}{18} - \frac{1}{3} =$$

$$\frac{5}{7} + \frac{7}{9} =$$

$$\frac{7}{15} + \frac{21}{20} =$$

$$\frac{6}{13} + \frac{1}{11} =$$

$$\frac{3}{7} - \frac{1}{8} =$$

$$\frac{5}{8} + \frac{8}{3} =$$

## 3 简易方程

$$3 \times 8x \div 2 - 2 \times 25 + 2 = 0$$

$$36 \div (2x + 6 \times 3) = 1$$

## 1 分数基础

将下列分数约分成最简分数：

$$\frac{12}{8} =$$

$$\frac{35}{25} =$$

$$\frac{27}{15} =$$

$$\frac{44}{33} =$$

$$\frac{49}{21} =$$

$$\frac{42}{30} =$$

## 2 分数加减

$$1\frac{5}{8} - \frac{1}{4} =$$

$$2\frac{5}{6} + 1\frac{1}{18} =$$

$$2\frac{7}{8} + 3\frac{1}{8} =$$

$$2\frac{5}{12} + \frac{1}{4} =$$

$$\frac{5}{13} + 2\frac{7}{26} =$$

$$2\frac{5}{8} - \frac{1}{4} =$$

$$4\frac{2}{5} + \frac{3}{11} =$$

$$2\frac{6}{7} - \frac{5}{12} =$$

$$2\frac{3}{5} - \frac{3}{22} =$$

## 3 简易方程

$$0.625 \times 8 \div 0.5 - 0.4x = 8$$

$$(3 + 0.2x) \div 1.8 + 0.25 = 3.25$$

# 练习 12

## 1 分数基础

将下列分数约分成最简分数：

$$\frac{8}{88} =$$

$$\frac{11}{121} =$$

$$\frac{13}{52} =$$

$$3\frac{10}{30} =$$

$$2\frac{2}{8} =$$

$$5\frac{12}{20} =$$

## 2 分数加减

$$2\frac{13}{15} - 1\frac{2}{5} =$$

$$1\frac{5}{8} + 3\frac{1}{12} =$$

$$4\frac{3}{4} + 3\frac{2}{13} =$$

$$\frac{5}{2} - 1\frac{3}{14} =$$

$$1\frac{8}{13} - \frac{7}{39} =$$

$$2\frac{5}{8} - 1\frac{5}{48} =$$

$$1\frac{3}{14} + \frac{5}{12} =$$

$$\frac{7}{88} + 1\frac{1}{2} =$$

$$\frac{1}{8} + 1\frac{5}{12} =$$

## 3 简易方程

$$8.99 + 4.58 - 0.6x = 7.57$$

$$934 \div 2 - 3x = 275$$

## 1 分数基础

将下列分数约分成最简分数：

$$\frac{11}{66} =$$

$$\frac{13}{52} =$$

$$\frac{16}{80} =$$

$$3\frac{3}{9} =$$

$$2\frac{15}{50} =$$

$$2\frac{36}{66} =$$

## 2 分数加减

$$1\frac{5}{16} - \frac{1}{8} =$$

$$2\frac{5}{7} - \frac{3}{7} =$$

$$5\frac{3}{4} + \frac{3}{16} =$$

$$\frac{3}{8} + 5\frac{9}{40} =$$

$$7\frac{5}{14} + \frac{23}{70} =$$

$$\frac{4}{13} + 2\frac{5}{78} =$$

$$2\frac{3}{14} + \frac{1}{2} =$$

$$3\frac{6}{11} + \frac{5}{99} =$$

$$3\frac{2}{55} + \frac{1}{11} =$$

## 3 简易方程

$$8.5 \times 1.2 - 4.32 \div 0.6 = 3x + 0.3$$

$$1.25 \times (0.8x + 0.08x + 0.008x) = 111$$

# 练习 14

## 1 分数基础

将下列分数约分成最简分数：

$$\frac{13}{65} =$$

$$\frac{7}{28} =$$

$$\frac{66}{9} =$$

$$2\frac{21}{35} =$$

$$2\frac{16}{40} =$$

$$4\frac{11}{33} =$$

## 2 分数加减

$$\frac{5}{8} + 3\frac{1}{7} =$$

$$6\frac{5}{7} + \frac{3}{11} =$$

$$1\frac{1}{4} - \frac{5}{6} =$$

$$2\frac{1}{8} - \frac{5}{56} =$$

$$3\frac{2}{7} - \frac{1}{7} =$$

$$3\frac{2}{15} + \frac{1}{2} =$$

$$4\frac{3}{25} + \frac{1}{4} =$$

$$1\frac{1}{125} + 3\frac{1}{8} =$$

$$1\frac{1}{13} - \frac{1}{13} =$$

## 3 简易方程

$$(1.3 + 2.1)x + 1 = 70 \div 2$$

$$26 \div 0.13 - 45x = 110$$



## 1 分数基础

将下列分数约分成最简分数：

$$\frac{15}{75} =$$

$$\frac{19}{95} =$$

$$\frac{16}{48} =$$

$$4\frac{5}{20} =$$

$$6\frac{7}{21} =$$

$$3\frac{2}{8} =$$

## 2 分数加减

$$1\frac{1}{18} - \frac{8}{9} =$$

$$3\frac{13}{15} - 1\frac{3}{5} =$$

$$1\frac{2}{13} + 4\frac{3}{4} =$$

$$1\frac{4}{5} + \frac{2}{35} =$$

$$\frac{2}{55} + 4\frac{3}{11} =$$

$$\frac{7}{60} + 2\frac{3}{4} =$$

$$1\frac{3}{5} + 3\frac{1}{24} =$$

$$11\frac{6}{7} + \frac{2}{21} =$$

$$\frac{1}{30} + 4\frac{3}{4} =$$

## 3 简易方程

$$12.5x - 3.78 + 0.78 = 7$$

$$10 \times 12 - 10x = 12.5 \times 8$$

# 练习 16

## 1 分数基础

将下列分数约分成最简分数：

$$\frac{10}{15} =$$

$$\frac{3}{9} =$$

$$\frac{21}{49} =$$

$$\frac{6}{18} =$$

$$\frac{8}{14} =$$

$$\frac{6}{10} =$$

## 2 分数加减

$$3\frac{1}{5} + \frac{2}{5} =$$

$$5\frac{2}{7} + 3\frac{3}{7} =$$

$$7\frac{6}{11} - 3\frac{2}{11} =$$

$$3\frac{1}{6} + 2\frac{1}{4} =$$

$$4\frac{1}{6} + 2\frac{2}{3} =$$

$$5\frac{1}{5} + \frac{9}{10} =$$

$$3\frac{9}{11} - 1\frac{1}{3} =$$

$$7\frac{8}{15} - 2\frac{3}{10} =$$

$$11\frac{5}{8} - 2\frac{1}{4} =$$

## 3 简易方程

$$(0.5 + x) + x = 9.8 \div 2$$

$$3(x + x + 0.5) = 6.9$$

## 1 分数基础

将下列分数约分成最简分数：

$$\frac{16}{12} =$$

$$\frac{3}{12} =$$

$$\frac{18}{24} =$$

$$\frac{8}{22} =$$

$$\frac{4}{16} =$$

$$\frac{5}{25} =$$

## 2 分数加减

$$1\frac{3}{7} + \frac{5}{7} =$$

$$2\frac{4}{11} + 5\frac{2}{11} =$$

$$6\frac{5}{13} - 4\frac{6}{13} =$$

$$2\frac{3}{8} + 3\frac{1}{6} =$$

$$2\frac{3}{8} + 3\frac{1}{2} =$$

$$1\frac{3}{8} + 3\frac{5}{12} =$$

$$5\frac{5}{9} - 2\frac{1}{3} =$$

$$8\frac{3}{10} - 3\frac{1}{5} =$$

$$5\frac{5}{7} - 3\frac{1}{2} =$$

## 3 简易方程

$$320 = 45 + 4x + x$$

$$x - 0.8x = 9.8$$

# 练习 18

## 1 分数基础

将下列分数约分成最简分数：

$$\frac{5}{15} =$$

$$\frac{18}{69} =$$

$$\frac{10}{65} =$$

$$\frac{16}{36} =$$

$$\frac{16}{24} =$$

$$\frac{18}{34} =$$

## 2 分数加减

$$6\frac{3}{5} + 1\frac{3}{5} =$$

$$6\frac{2}{3} + 3\frac{1}{3} =$$

$$8\frac{6}{13} - 2\frac{2}{13} =$$

$$3\frac{1}{3} + 5\frac{1}{6} =$$

$$3\frac{1}{9} + 2\frac{5}{12} =$$

$$6\frac{1}{15} + 5\frac{9}{10} =$$

$$3\frac{3}{7} - 2\frac{1}{3} =$$

$$5\frac{7}{10} - 2\frac{3}{5} =$$

$$6\frac{11}{12} - 4\frac{2}{3} =$$

## 3 简易方程

$$12x - 10x = 16.8 \div 2$$

$$7(x - 2) = 2x + 3$$

## 1 分数基础

将下列分数约分成最简分数：

$$\frac{13}{26} =$$

$$\frac{15}{33} =$$

$$\frac{27}{48} =$$

$$\frac{18}{66} =$$

$$\frac{6}{26} =$$

$$\frac{35}{42} =$$

## 2 分数加减

$$2\frac{5}{6} + \frac{1}{2} =$$

$$6\frac{7}{13} + 2\frac{2}{13} =$$

$$7\frac{5}{11} - 3\frac{2}{11} =$$

$$7\frac{1}{4} + 4\frac{5}{7} =$$

$$6\frac{1}{4} + 4\frac{1}{2} =$$

$$8\frac{3}{7} + 3\frac{1}{2} =$$

$$7\frac{7}{12} - 3\frac{1}{3} =$$

$$5\frac{3}{4} - 2\frac{1}{2} =$$

$$6\frac{1}{2} - 2\frac{1}{7} =$$

## 3 简易方程

$$81.6 = 0.2x + x$$

$$2x + 3 = 3(x - 2)$$

# 练习 20

## 1 分数基础

将下列分数约分成最简分数：

$$\frac{28}{21} =$$

$$\frac{121}{66} =$$

$$\frac{26}{65} =$$

$$\frac{45}{55} =$$

$$\frac{32}{56} =$$

$$\frac{48}{144} =$$

## 2 分数加减

$$7\frac{2}{3} + \frac{1}{3} =$$

$$4\frac{3}{5} + 2\frac{4}{5} =$$

$$6\frac{2}{13} - 2\frac{4}{13} =$$

$$5\frac{5}{12} + 3\frac{1}{2} =$$

$$3\frac{2}{5} + 1\frac{3}{10} =$$

$$4\frac{1}{3} + 3\frac{2}{9} =$$

$$4\frac{2}{11} - 2\frac{1}{11} =$$

$$8\frac{4}{5} - 2\frac{7}{20} =$$

$$15\frac{5}{16} - 5\frac{1}{4} =$$

## 3 简易方程

$$18(x-2) = 270$$

$$12x = 300 - 4x$$

## 1 分数基础

将下列分数约分成最简分数：

$$\frac{45}{30} =$$

$$\frac{28}{56} =$$

$$\frac{21}{27} =$$

$$\frac{42}{48} =$$

$$\frac{72}{64} =$$

$$\frac{36}{126} =$$

## 2 分数加减

$$\frac{1}{2} + \frac{2}{5} + \frac{1}{5} =$$

$$\frac{2}{7} + \frac{5}{7} + \frac{1}{3} =$$

$$\frac{6}{11} - \frac{2}{11} + \frac{1}{3} =$$

$$1\frac{1}{6} + \frac{1}{4} - \frac{1}{6} =$$

$$\frac{7}{6} + \frac{2}{3} - \frac{5}{6} =$$

$$\frac{1}{5} + \frac{9}{10} + \frac{1}{10} =$$

$$1\frac{9}{11} - 1\frac{1}{3} - \frac{1}{11} =$$

$$\frac{8}{15} - \frac{3}{10} + \frac{4}{15} =$$

$$\frac{3}{8} - \frac{1}{4} + \frac{5}{8} =$$

## 3 简易方程

$$85 = 30x + 25$$

$$1.4 \times 8 - 2x = 6$$

# 练习 22

## 1 分数基础

将下列分数约分成最简分数：

$$\frac{35}{60} =$$

$$\frac{68}{76} =$$

$$\frac{51}{87} =$$

$$\frac{40}{88} =$$

$$\frac{31}{62} =$$

$$\frac{66}{121} =$$

## 2 分数加减

$$\frac{2}{3} + \frac{4}{5} + \frac{1}{5} =$$

$$\frac{2}{7} + \frac{5}{3} + \frac{1}{3} =$$

$$\frac{6}{13} - \frac{3}{13} + \frac{2}{3} =$$

$$2\frac{3}{7} + \frac{1}{4} - \frac{3}{7} =$$

$$\frac{6}{7} + \frac{1}{3} - \frac{5}{7} =$$

$$8\frac{1}{15} + \frac{6}{13} + \frac{7}{13} =$$

$$11\frac{5}{11} - \frac{1}{3} - 2\frac{2}{3} =$$

$$\frac{17}{25} - \frac{3}{5} + \frac{7}{25} =$$

$$\frac{7}{18} - \frac{1}{2} + \frac{7}{18} =$$

## 3 简易方程

$$7(6.5 + x) = 87.5$$

$$3(x + 0.5) = 21$$



## 1 分数基础

将下列分数约分成最简分数：

$$\frac{91}{70} =$$

$$\frac{64}{76} =$$

$$\frac{27}{57} =$$

$$\frac{12}{36} =$$

$$\frac{32}{24} =$$

$$\frac{42}{105} =$$

## 2 分数加减

$$\frac{1}{3} + \frac{2}{7} + \frac{6}{7} =$$

$$\frac{12}{17} + \frac{5}{17} + \frac{1}{3} =$$

$$\frac{6}{11} + \frac{2}{3} + \frac{5}{11} =$$

$$4\frac{5}{8} + \frac{1}{4} - \frac{3}{8} =$$

$$\frac{7}{16} + \frac{1}{4} + \frac{5}{16} =$$

$$3\frac{1}{5} + \frac{1}{15} + \frac{2}{15} =$$

$$1\frac{9}{17} + 1\frac{1}{3} - \frac{9}{17} =$$

$$\frac{18}{35} + \frac{3}{10} + \frac{17}{35} =$$

$$\frac{5}{8} - \frac{1}{4} - \frac{3}{8} =$$

## 3 简易方程

$$5 \times 3 - x \div 2 = 8$$

$$48 - 27 + 5x = 31$$

# 练习 24

## 1 分数基础

将下列分数约分成最简分数：

$$\frac{35}{42} =$$

$$\frac{25}{65} =$$

$$\frac{24}{57} =$$

$$\frac{32}{48} =$$

$$\frac{16}{54} =$$

$$\frac{38}{56} =$$

## 2 分数加减

$$\frac{1}{5} + \frac{5}{6} + \frac{1}{6} =$$

$$\frac{3}{8} + \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{8} =$$

$$\frac{5}{11} - \frac{3}{5} + \frac{6}{11} =$$

$$5\frac{5}{7} + 1\frac{4}{5} - \frac{5}{7} =$$

$$2\frac{5}{7} - \frac{2}{3} + \frac{2}{7} =$$

$$\frac{5}{6} + \frac{5}{12} + \frac{1}{12} =$$

$$\frac{3}{13} - \frac{1}{7} - \frac{1}{13} =$$

$$\frac{8}{15} - \frac{3}{10} + \frac{4}{15} =$$

$$\frac{3}{7} - \frac{1}{5} + \frac{4}{7} =$$

## 3 简易方程

$$x \div 5 + 9 = 20 + 1$$

$$10.5 + x + 21 = 56$$

## 1 分数基础

将下列分数约分成最简分数：

$$\frac{75}{40} =$$

$$\frac{85}{60} =$$

$$\frac{34}{56} =$$

$$\frac{42}{49} =$$

$$\frac{16}{64} =$$

$$\frac{32}{256} =$$

## 2 分数加减

$$\frac{6}{5} + \frac{5}{7} + \frac{2}{7} =$$

$$\frac{3}{16} + \frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{16} =$$

$$\frac{8}{17} - \frac{3}{7} + \frac{9}{17} =$$

$$5\frac{5}{7} + 1\frac{4}{9} - \frac{5}{7} =$$

$$2\frac{6}{17} - \frac{2}{3} + \frac{11}{17} =$$

$$5\frac{3}{4} + \frac{5}{12} + \frac{7}{12} =$$

$$\frac{27}{19} - \frac{10}{13} - \frac{8}{19} =$$

$$\frac{6}{25} - \frac{1}{5} + \frac{8}{25} =$$

$$4\frac{3}{17} - \frac{1}{5} + 1\frac{14}{17} =$$

## 3 简易方程

$$(x - 140) \div 70 = 4$$

$$0.1(x + 6) = 3.3 \times 0.4$$

# 练习 26

## 1 分数基础

将下列分数约分成最简分数：

$$\frac{45}{72} =$$

$$\frac{5}{65} =$$

$$\frac{36}{87} =$$

$$\frac{30}{18} =$$

$$\frac{36}{64} =$$

$$\frac{65}{130} =$$

## 2 分数加减

$$1\frac{1}{6} + \frac{5}{7} + \frac{2}{7} =$$

$$1\frac{5}{6} + \frac{1}{5} + \frac{1}{6} =$$

$$\frac{5}{16} - \frac{3}{4} + \frac{11}{16} =$$

$$7\frac{6}{11} + \frac{4}{5} - \frac{6}{11} =$$

$$2\frac{8}{15} - \frac{1}{5} + \frac{2}{15} =$$

$$\frac{5}{6} + \frac{13}{10} + \frac{7}{10} =$$

$$\frac{17}{11} - \frac{1}{7} - \frac{6}{11} =$$

$$\frac{8}{17} - \frac{7}{10} + \frac{9}{17} =$$

$$5\frac{1}{7} + \frac{6}{7} - \frac{1}{5} =$$

## 3 简易方程

$$27.5 - 3.5 = 4x$$

$$75.6 = (10 + 2.6)x$$

## 1 分数基础

将下列分数约分成最简分数：

$$\frac{35}{80} =$$

$$\frac{25}{70} =$$

$$\frac{14}{49} =$$

$$\frac{23}{46} =$$

$$\frac{10}{34} =$$

$$\frac{33}{275} =$$

## 2 分数加减

$$\frac{6}{7} + \frac{5}{6} + \frac{1}{6} =$$

$$\frac{3}{14} + \frac{5}{6} + \frac{11}{14} =$$

$$\frac{27}{19} - \frac{3}{7} - \frac{8}{19} =$$

$$1\frac{5}{9} + 1\frac{2}{3} - \frac{5}{9} =$$

$$\frac{6}{27} - \frac{2}{3} + \frac{21}{27} =$$

$$5\frac{3}{4} + \frac{7}{15} + \frac{8}{15} =$$

$$\frac{37}{29} - \frac{10}{17} - \frac{8}{29} =$$

$$\frac{28}{35} - \frac{1}{5} + \frac{7}{35} =$$

$$4\frac{5}{27} - \frac{1}{4} + 1\frac{22}{27} =$$

## 3 简易方程

$$5x + 12.5 = 30 + 2.3$$

$$0.5(x + 8) = 10.2$$

# 练习 28

## 1 分数基础

将下列分数约分成最简分数：

$$\frac{45}{81} =$$

$$\frac{35}{63} =$$

$$\frac{33}{81} =$$

$$\frac{35}{28} =$$

$$\frac{26}{64} =$$

$$\frac{63}{140} =$$

## 2 分数加减

$$\frac{1}{7} + \frac{5}{6} + \frac{1}{6} =$$

$$1\frac{4}{5} + \frac{1}{15} + \frac{1}{5} =$$

$$\frac{25}{16} - \frac{3}{7} + \frac{7}{16} =$$

$$6\frac{3}{10} + \frac{7}{10} - 7 =$$

$$2\frac{7}{15} - \frac{1}{7} + \frac{8}{15} =$$

$$\frac{5}{16} + \frac{3}{10} + \frac{11}{16} =$$

$$\frac{27}{19} - \frac{1}{7} - \frac{8}{19} =$$

$$1\frac{5}{12} - \frac{7}{10} + \frac{7}{12} =$$

$$2\frac{4}{7} + \frac{4}{7} - \frac{1}{8} =$$

## 3 简易方程

$$2(2.8 + x) = 10.4$$

$$0.3 \times 7 + 4x = 12.5$$

## 1 分数基础

将下列分数约分成最简分数：

$$\frac{55}{66} =$$

$$\frac{25}{60} =$$

$$\frac{42}{84} =$$

$$\frac{16}{18} =$$

$$\frac{18}{32} =$$

$$\frac{42}{140} =$$

## 2 分数加减

$$\frac{5}{6} + \frac{3}{7} + \frac{4}{7} =$$

$$2\frac{5}{7} + \frac{4}{5} + \frac{2}{7} =$$

$$1\frac{5}{11} - \frac{3}{4} + \frac{6}{11} =$$

$$6\frac{6}{11} + 3\frac{4}{7} - 4\frac{6}{11} =$$

$$4\frac{7}{10} - \frac{1}{5} + \frac{7}{10} =$$

$$2\frac{5}{7} + \frac{3}{10} + 5\frac{2}{7} =$$

$$\frac{8}{11} - \frac{1}{10} - \frac{6}{11} =$$

$$\frac{2}{13} - \frac{2}{10} + \frac{1}{13} =$$

$$8\frac{3}{4} + \frac{7}{10} - \frac{3}{4} =$$

## 3 简易方程

$$13.2x + 9x = 33.3$$

$$3.4x - 48 = 26.8$$

# 练习 30

## 1 分数基础

将下列分数约分成最简分数：

$$\frac{21}{35} =$$

$$\frac{45}{60} =$$

$$\frac{54}{72} =$$

$$\frac{18}{42} =$$

$$\frac{39}{65} =$$

$$\frac{79}{158} =$$

## 2 分数加减

$$\frac{9}{7} + \frac{5}{7} + \frac{5}{8} =$$

$$\frac{5}{11} + \frac{1}{2} + \frac{6}{11} =$$

$$\frac{23}{18} - \frac{3}{8} - \frac{5}{18} =$$

$$1\frac{4}{9} + 5\frac{2}{7} - \frac{4}{9} =$$

$$\frac{8}{27} - \frac{2}{3} + \frac{19}{27} =$$

$$5\frac{3}{8} + \frac{9}{17} + 7\frac{8}{17} =$$

$$\frac{29}{28} - \frac{10}{19} - \frac{1}{28} =$$

$$\frac{7}{16} - \frac{1}{4} + \frac{5}{16} =$$

$$4\frac{11}{28} - \frac{1}{2} + 1\frac{3}{28} =$$

## 3 简易方程

$$10.5x + 6.5x = 51$$

$$9x + 4 \times 2.5 = 91$$



# 参考答案

## 练习 1:

31	4	87
15	55	10
$\frac{11}{38}$	$\frac{1}{5}$	0
$\frac{14}{27}$	$\frac{13}{34}$	$\frac{15}{26}$
$\frac{125}{52}$	$\frac{23}{26}$	$\frac{7}{27}$
0.1	2	

## 练习 4:

90	36	28
15	63	7
$\frac{31}{15}$	$\frac{5}{4}$	$\frac{25}{6}$
$\frac{33}{8}$	$\frac{4}{3}$	$\frac{35}{22}$
$\frac{55}{28}$	$\frac{79}{91}$	$\frac{23}{14}$
2	0.25	

## 练习 2:

21	3	7
55	78	23
$\frac{40}{21}$	$\frac{71}{45}$	$\frac{71}{28}$
$\frac{31}{10}$	$\frac{9}{10}$	$\frac{25}{12}$
$\frac{101}{42}$	$\frac{3}{2}$	$\frac{179}{84}$
6.25	0.2	

## 练习 5:

16	119	58
48	45	10
$\frac{75}{22}$	$\frac{4}{3}$	$\frac{47}{72}$
$\frac{69}{70}$	$\frac{108}{25}$	$\frac{39}{28}$
$\frac{31}{3}$	$\frac{10}{13}$	$\frac{11}{40}$
4	10	

## 练习 3:

12	9	35
49	45	7
$\frac{44}{9}$	$\frac{13}{5}$	$\frac{11}{18}$
$\frac{33}{26}$	$\frac{27}{16}$	1
1	$\frac{2}{3}$	$\frac{55}{21}$
2	2	

## 练习 6:

16	3	57
20	30	7
$\frac{29}{24}$	$\frac{43}{35}$	$\frac{2}{15}$
$\frac{32}{63}$	$\frac{1}{6}$	$\frac{1}{42}$
$\frac{69}{52}$	$\frac{10}{9}$	$\frac{29}{38}$
0.9	99	

**练习 7:**

19	5	45
15	90	5
$\frac{1}{18}$	$\frac{2}{35}$	$\frac{64}{45}$
$\frac{2}{5}$	$\frac{29}{20}$	$\frac{49}{24}$
$\frac{7}{18}$	$\frac{5}{66}$	$\frac{3}{14}$
10	2	

**练习 10:**

5	11	100
35	128	7
$\frac{5}{36}$	$\frac{11}{20}$	$\frac{41}{6}$
$\frac{7}{18}$	$\frac{94}{63}$	$\frac{91}{60}$
$\frac{79}{143}$	$\frac{17}{56}$	$\frac{79}{24}$
4	9	

**练习 8:**

4	30	75
35	143	10
$\frac{13}{9}$	$\frac{34}{45}$	$\frac{109}{30}$
$\frac{5}{42}$	$\frac{262}{143}$	$\frac{53}{63}$
$\frac{65}{21}$	$\frac{3}{88}$	$\frac{28}{15}$
2	3	

**练习 11:**

$\frac{3}{2}$	$\frac{7}{5}$	$\frac{9}{5}$
$\frac{4}{3}$	$\frac{7}{3}$	$\frac{7}{5}$
$1\frac{3}{8}$	$3\frac{8}{9}$	6
$2\frac{2}{3}$	$2\frac{17}{26}$	$2\frac{3}{8}$
$4\frac{37}{55}$	$2\frac{37}{84}$	$2\frac{51}{110}$
5	12	

**练习 9:**

4	7	116
63	72	17
$\frac{17}{24}$	$\frac{67}{56}$	$\frac{3}{28}$
$\frac{31}{18}$	$\frac{72}{77}$	$\frac{15}{8}$
$\frac{1}{20}$	$\frac{37}{24}$	$\frac{36}{119}$
3	4	

**练习 12:**

$\frac{1}{11}$	$\frac{1}{11}$	$\frac{1}{4}$
$3\frac{1}{3}$	$2\frac{1}{4}$	$5\frac{3}{5}$
$1\frac{7}{15}$	$4\frac{17}{24}$	$7\frac{47}{52}$
$1\frac{2}{7}$	$1\frac{17}{39}$	$1\frac{25}{48}$
$1\frac{53}{84}$	$1\frac{51}{88}$	$1\frac{13}{24}$
10	64	

**练习 13:**

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \frac{1}{6} & \frac{1}{4} & \frac{1}{5} \\ 3\frac{1}{3} & 2\frac{3}{10} & 2\frac{6}{11} \\ 1\frac{3}{16} & 2\frac{2}{7} & 5\frac{15}{16} \\ 5\frac{3}{5} & 7\frac{24}{35} & 2\frac{29}{78} \\ 2\frac{5}{7} & 3\frac{59}{99} & 3\frac{7}{55} \\ 0.9 & 100 & \end{array}$$

**练习 16:**

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \frac{2}{3} & \frac{1}{3} & \frac{3}{7} \\ \frac{1}{3} & \frac{4}{7} & \frac{3}{5} \\ 3\frac{3}{5} & 8\frac{5}{7} & 4\frac{4}{11} \\ 5\frac{5}{12} & 6\frac{5}{6} & 6\frac{1}{10} \\ 2\frac{16}{33} & 5\frac{7}{30} & 9\frac{3}{8} \\ 2.2 & 0.9 & \end{array}$$

**练习 14:**

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \frac{1}{5} & \frac{1}{4} & \frac{22}{3} \\ 2\frac{3}{5} & 2\frac{2}{5} & 4\frac{1}{3} \\ 3\frac{43}{56} & 6\frac{76}{77} & \frac{5}{12} \\ 2\frac{1}{28} & 3\frac{1}{7} & 3\frac{19}{30} \\ 4\frac{37}{100} & 4\frac{133}{1000} & 1 \\ 10 & 2 & \end{array}$$

**练习 17:**

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \frac{4}{3} & \frac{1}{4} & \frac{3}{4} \\ \frac{4}{11} & \frac{1}{4} & \frac{1}{5} \\ 2\frac{1}{7} & 7\frac{6}{11} & 1\frac{12}{13} \\ 5\frac{13}{24} & 5\frac{7}{8} & 4\frac{19}{24} \\ 3\frac{2}{9} & 5\frac{1}{10} & 2\frac{3}{14} \\ 55 & 49 & \end{array}$$

**练习 15:**

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \frac{1}{5} & \frac{1}{5} & \frac{1}{3} \\ 4\frac{1}{4} & 6\frac{1}{3} & 3\frac{1}{4} \\ \frac{1}{6} & 2\frac{4}{15} & 5\frac{47}{52} \\ 1\frac{6}{7} & 4\frac{17}{55} & 2\frac{13}{15} \\ 4\frac{77}{120} & 11\frac{20}{21} & 4\frac{47}{60} \\ 0.8 & 2 & \end{array}$$

**练习 18:**

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \frac{1}{3} & \frac{6}{23} & \frac{2}{13} \\ \frac{4}{9} & \frac{2}{3} & \frac{9}{17} \\ 8\frac{1}{5} & 10 & 6\frac{4}{13} \\ 8\frac{1}{2} & 5\frac{19}{36} & 11\frac{29}{30} \\ 1\frac{2}{21} & 3\frac{1}{10} & 2\frac{1}{4} \\ 4.2 & 3.4 & \end{array}$$

**练习 19:**

$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{5}{11}$	$\frac{9}{16}$
$\frac{3}{11}$	$\frac{3}{13}$	$\frac{5}{6}$
$3\frac{1}{3}$	$8\frac{9}{13}$	$4\frac{3}{11}$
$11\frac{27}{28}$	$10\frac{3}{4}$	$11\frac{13}{14}$
$4\frac{1}{4}$	$3\frac{1}{4}$	$4\frac{5}{14}$
68	9	

**练习 20:**

$\frac{4}{3}$	$\frac{11}{6}$	$\frac{2}{5}$
$\frac{9}{11}$	$\frac{4}{7}$	$\frac{1}{3}$
8	$7\frac{2}{5}$	$3\frac{11}{13}$
$8\frac{11}{12}$	$4\frac{7}{10}$	$7\frac{5}{9}$
$2\frac{1}{11}$	$6\frac{9}{20}$	$10\frac{1}{16}$
17	18.75	

**练习 21:**

$\frac{3}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{7}{9}$
$\frac{7}{8}$	$\frac{9}{8}$	$\frac{2}{7}$
$\frac{11}{10}$	$1\frac{1}{3}$	$\frac{23}{33}$
$1\frac{1}{4}$	1	$1\frac{1}{5}$
$\frac{13}{33}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{3}{4}$
2	2.6	

**练习 22:**

$\frac{7}{12}$	$\frac{17}{19}$	$\frac{17}{29}$
$\frac{5}{11}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{6}{11}$
$1\frac{2}{3}$	$2\frac{2}{7}$	$\frac{35}{39}$
$2\frac{1}{4}$	$\frac{10}{21}$	$9\frac{1}{15}$
$8\frac{5}{11}$	$\frac{9}{25}$	$\frac{5}{18}$
6	6.5	

**练习 23:**

$\frac{13}{10}$	$\frac{16}{19}$	$\frac{9}{19}$
$\frac{1}{3}$	$\frac{4}{3}$	$\frac{2}{5}$
$1\frac{10}{21}$	$1\frac{1}{3}$	$1\frac{2}{3}$
$4\frac{1}{2}$	1	$3\frac{2}{5}$
$2\frac{1}{3}$	$1\frac{3}{10}$	0
14	2	

**练习 24:**

$\frac{5}{6}$	$\frac{5}{13}$	$\frac{8}{19}$
$\frac{2}{3}$	$\frac{8}{27}$	$\frac{19}{28}$
$1\frac{1}{5}$	1	$\frac{2}{5}$
$6\frac{4}{5}$	$2\frac{1}{3}$	$\frac{4}{3}$
$\frac{1}{91}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{4}{5}$
60	24.5	

**练习 25:**

$\frac{15}{8}$	$\frac{17}{12}$	$\frac{17}{28}$
$\frac{6}{7}$	$\frac{1}{4}$	$\frac{1}{8}$
$2\frac{1}{5}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{4}{7}$
$6\frac{4}{9}$	$2\frac{1}{3}$	$6\frac{3}{4}$
$\frac{3}{13}$	$\frac{9}{25}$	$5\frac{4}{5}$
420	7.2	

**练习 28:**

$\frac{5}{9}$	$\frac{5}{9}$	$\frac{11}{27}$
$\frac{5}{4}$	$\frac{13}{32}$	$\frac{9}{20}$
$1\frac{1}{7}$	$2\frac{1}{15}$	$1\frac{4}{7}$
0	$2\frac{6}{7}$	$1\frac{3}{10}$
$\frac{6}{7}$	$1\frac{3}{10}$	$3\frac{1}{56}$
2.4	2.6	

**练习 26:**

$\frac{5}{8}$	$\frac{1}{13}$	$\frac{12}{29}$
$\frac{5}{3}$	$\frac{9}{16}$	$\frac{1}{2}$
$1\frac{1}{6}$	$2\frac{1}{5}$	$\frac{1}{4}$
$7\frac{4}{5}$	$2\frac{7}{15}$	$2\frac{5}{6}$
$\frac{6}{7}$	$\frac{3}{10}$	$5\frac{4}{5}$
6	6	

**练习 29:**

$\frac{5}{6}$	$\frac{5}{12}$	$\frac{1}{2}$
$\frac{8}{9}$	$\frac{9}{16}$	$\frac{3}{10}$
$1\frac{5}{6}$	$3\frac{4}{5}$	$1\frac{1}{4}$
$5\frac{4}{7}$	$5\frac{1}{5}$	$8\frac{3}{10}$
$\frac{9}{110}$	$\frac{2}{65}$	$8\frac{7}{10}$
1.5	22	

**练习 27:**

$\frac{7}{16}$	$\frac{5}{14}$	$\frac{2}{7}$
$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{5}{17}$	$\frac{3}{25}$
$1\frac{6}{7}$	$1\frac{5}{6}$	$\frac{4}{7}$
$2\frac{2}{3}$	$\frac{1}{3}$	$6\frac{3}{4}$
$\frac{7}{17}$	$\frac{4}{5}$	$5\frac{3}{4}$
3.96	12.4	

**练习 30:**

$\frac{3}{5}$	$\frac{3}{4}$	$\frac{3}{4}$
$\frac{3}{7}$	$\frac{3}{5}$	$\frac{1}{2}$
$2\frac{5}{8}$	$1\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{5}{8}$
$6\frac{2}{7}$	$\frac{1}{3}$	$13\frac{3}{8}$
$\frac{9}{19}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	5
3	9	